



During the screening

# ACCESS TO ASYLUM



**If you're under 18 and alone, tell the police officers immediately.**

They'll assign to you a person called a **guardian** to support you.

→ If you cannot go back to your country because it is unsafe for you, **you can ask for asylum here.**


→ If you arrived without a passport or visa, you must pass **4 screening checks.**

## IDENTITY & SECURITY CHECKS


 A police officer or border guard will ask for your **name, age, origin and travel details.**


 **They will take a photo and fingerprints** of everyone older than 6 years.

 **You may be searched** and your belongings may be kept until after the screening.


 **Show officers all your documents,** such as an ID card or birth certificate, even if they are photos on your phone.

## HEALTH & VULNERABILITY CHECKS

 **A doctor or nurse will check you** for diseases and other health problems.

 **Share your medical reports** or vaccine card if you have them.

 **Trained staff will help you.** Tell them if you feel worried, sad, scared or are looking for your family members.

 **What you share stays private** and is not shared with the authorities of your home country.



The checks can last up to **7 days.** During this time, you will stay where the screening takes place.

## REMEMBER

- ✓ If you asked for asylum, the relevant authorities must register you as soon as possible.
- ✓ Ask for a lawyer to get advice and for an interpreter if you don't understand the language. They will support you free of charge.
- ✓ Everyone working here must treat you with respect.
- ✓ Work with the officers and ask them to explain what they mean if anything they say is unclear.
- ✓ If you want to return, ask the officers for help to learn about your options.

